

# GTLNC Declaration of Commitment to Representative Government



Greater Toluca Lake Neighborhood Council  
(GTLNC)  
Resolution



of Greater Toluca Lake.

While reaffirming and remaining true to the conditions and obligations of elected office, GTLNC objects to the attempt to interfere with and constrain the collective First Amendment and other rights of GTLNC, its Directors and Officers, and to abridge the communication of its resolutions and advocacy to any level of local, county, state or federal government relevant to and on behalf of its stakeholders, voters, residents and taxpayers under its own authorized, unique and unambiguous name, while avoiding the likelihood of confusion with the official positions of the City of Los Angeles by its policymakers and officers.

GTLNC further disagrees with the anonymous and unattributed opinions proclaimed in an unsigned memorandum entitled *The Role of Neighborhood Councils as Advisors to City Decision-Makers* dated August 2020, as a limitation on its protected expressions of opinion (Exhibit 1, attached).

As its own democratically constituted body, having been duly elected by the qualified registered stakeholder voters of Greater Toluca Lake, and operating in accordance with its obligations, and acceptable, reasonable and transparent parameters, GTLNC shall not allow its autonomy and self-determination to be interfered with or infringed upon, nor have its identity and independence subordinated or subsumed.

GTLNC urges its fellow Neighborhood Councils to likewise reject the unjustified meddling and intrusions into its public interest services by City staff.

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Angeles and Greater Toluca Lake.

GTLNC voted likewise on state legislation and to oppose SB 79 (VOTE: 12 / 0 / 0) on Tuesday, March 18<sup>th</sup>, 2025, and voted to oppose then-current Los Angeles County District Attorney George Gascón Policies (VOTE: 9 / 0 / 0) on Tuesday, November 14<sup>th</sup>, 2023.

It should be noted that other Neighborhood Councils have appropriately advocated for their respective stakeholders both within the City of Los Angeles and to other agencies and levels of government where the interest of such stakeholders were actually or potentially affected.

## OPINION ATTEMPTS TO LIMIT GTLNC FUNCTION AND ADVOCACY

The City asserts it is improper for GTLNC – or any Neighborhood Council (NC) – to advocate to any agency or entity other than to the City itself and that this is outside the role of NCs. The City offers an unsigned memo captioned *The Role of Neighborhood Councils as Advisors to City Decision-Makers* dated August 2020 (the “Memo”) (Exhibit 1) which is nowhere on the Web sites of the [Los Angeles City Attorney](#), [Los Angeles City Clerk](#) or of the [Department of Neighborhood Empowerment](#) (DONE). The only online copy can be found in one obscure location: the [Northridge West NC’s Web Site](#).

[Los Angeles City Charter Section 900](#) (from Article IX, creating Department of Neighborhood Empowerment): “Purpose. To promote more citizen participation in government and make government more responsive to local needs, a citywide system of neighborhood councils, and a

behalf of its stakeholders is distinguished with this clear disclaimer:

***“GTLNC’s position may not reflect the official position of the City of Los Angeles.”***

## **NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS ARE VITAL COMMUNICATION HUBS**

GTLNC is relied upon as a central source by our elected representatives from all branches of government to communicate with people in Greater Toluca Lake via GTLNC regular board and committee meetings, its email newsletter and social media accounts. Is this intended to be one-way communication only? How counterintuitive is it that GTLNC can’t express its collective view? GTLNC must have the unfettered right to advocate for the people who elected us.

## **DISPROPORTIONATE REPRESENTATION**

The NC system was created in 1999 to address the San Fernando Valley’s claim of the failure of representative democracy and its threat to secede from the City of Los Angeles. NCs are intended to be “the closest form of government to the people” according to DONE. NCs act as volunteer service providers and buffers for Los Angeles City Councilmembers, each of whom represent over a quarter of a million Angelenos. Compare the levels of representation provided by GTLNC with the disproportionate population concentrations of other elected officials:

Number County Board Supervisors	5
29th US Congressional District: U.S. Representative Luz Rivas	719,359 (2023)
United States Senators: Alex Padilla and Adam Schiff	40,000,000 (2025)
27th State Senate District: Senator Henry Stern	993,140 (2020)
44th State Assembly District: Assemblymember Nick Schultz	514,564 (2020)
5th Supervisorial District: Supervisor Kathryn Barger	1,896,455 (2021)
3rd Board of Equalization: Antonio Vazquez	10,000,000
City of Los Angeles Population	3,770,958 (2025)
City of Los Angeles Council District 2: Councilmember Adrin Nazarian	256,691 (2010)
LAUSD	520,000 Students

In its decision in Supreme Court v. Floyd (1966), the United States Supreme Court held (in part):

“[D]ebate on public issues should be uninhibited, robust, and wide-open.” ... “Legislators do not forfeit their constitutional rights to speak out on public issues” Chief Justice Earl Warren reasoned that “while the State has an interest in requiring its legislators to swear to a belief in constitutional processes of government, surely the oath gives it no interest in limiting its legislators’ capacity to discuss their views of local or national policy.”

Warren’s opinion provided broad free-speech protection for legislators’ political speech. “The manifest function of the First Amendment in a representative government requires that legislators be given the widest latitude to express their views on issue of policy,” Warren wrote. “Just as erroneous statements must be protected to give freedom of expression the breathing space it needs to survive, so statements criticizing public policy and the implementation of it must be similarly protected.”

## CONCLUSION:

GTLNC and its 98 NC counterparts throughout Los Angeles contribute substantial and valuable volunteer time, labor, services and resources – often without even reimbursement of direct out-of-pocket expenses – for the benefit of the City and their respective communities, with zero or near-zero undesirable effects on the City of Los Angeles. NC Board members and Officers are probably the only institutionalized labor force in the City of Los Angeles which is completely unrepresented and uncompensated – and with no pension and medical benefits, and no sick leave or paid vacations.

To: **Mayor Karen Bass**

Joey Freeman, Deputy Mayor, Intergovernmental Affairs  
Jared Rivera, Deputy Mayor, Office of Community Engagement  
Marissa Bowman, Director of Community Engagement  
Michelle Vergara, Director of Community Engagement, Van Nuys  
Betsaira Aguilera, East Valley Area Representative, Community Engagement, Van Nuys  
Members of the Los Angeles City Council

cc: **Los Angeles City Attorney**

Hydee Feldstein Soto, City Attorney  
Elise Ruden, Team Leader, Neighborhood Council Advice Department  
Ayelet Feiman, Neighborhood Council Advice Department

cc: **Department of Neighborhood Empowerment**

Carmen Chang, General Manager  
Erica Gatica Doughty, Neighborhood Empowerment Advocate



## **THE ROLE OF NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCILS AS ADVISORS TO CITY DECISION-MAKERS**

Los Angeles City Charter Section 900 specifies that neighborhood councils "shall have an advisory role on issues of concern to the neighborhood." Some neighborhood councils have suggested that this language allows their boards to communicate their positions directly with county, state, and/or federal legislators. However, this interpretation conflicts with the Mayor and City Council's role under the Charter.

The Charter vests the City Council with the power to establish the City's official position on local, state or federal legislation, rules, regulations and policies, subject to the Mayor's veto (Charter Section 254). Administrative Code Section 2.19 sets forth a detailed process the City must follow to take an official position. Pursuant to that



Board members may use their neighborhood council titles for identification purposes only.

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Exhibit 1 (continued)

Neighborhood councils serve an important role by weighing in on city business before decisions are made and are expected to bring issues of community concern to city departments and leaders. Thus, as advisory bodies by design, an effective neighborhood council can advise city decision-makers and present an important perspective upon which elected officials may rely. However, it is ultimately and exclusively within the elected officials' authority acting as collectively as the City Council and Mayor to determine and convey the City's position on legislation and similar policy issues.

Revised August 2020



## Quick Links

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Documents  
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## GTLNC Board

### Meetings

**Third Tuesday of the  
month**  
7:00 pm  
Toluca Lake  
Elementary School  
4840 Cahuenga Blvd,  
North Hollywood, CA  
91601

## Mailing Address

10153 1/2 Riverside Dr.  
Suite 215  
Toluca Lake, CA 91602